

LLI-303 Clean Brownfields Project exchange meeting "Tourism cooperation in the Baltic sea region 2019"

Rasa Grubliauskytė Klaipėda District Municipality Administration

### <u>Gyvenimas švarioje aplinkoje – geresnė ateitis! (angl. Life in clean environment - a better future!)</u>

<u>The Aim</u>: to solve brownfield problems in Kurzeme region in Latvia and several regions of Lithuania. Together with partners, the aim is to restore brownfields in a sustainable and efficient way. This will bring clear economic, social and environmental benefits to local communities.

### <u>The tasks:</u>

- 1) provide a diverse and attractive environment for households and businesses;
- 2) eliminate contaminated sites;
- 3) to create and disseminate good examples of brownfield development;
- 4) to gain knowledge and experience in the management of brownfields and contaminated sites.

### Partners:

Kurzemes plānošanas reģions, Kuldīgas novada pašvaldība, Skrundas Novada pašvaldība, Ventspils novada pašvaldība, Kauno miesto savivaldybės administracija, Viešoji įstaiga Kauno regiono plėtros agentūra, Klaipėdos rajono savivaldybės administracija, Telšių rajono savivaldybės administracija, Saldus novada pašvaldība.

# History

Building materials (gravel and sand) were found in the present Gargzdai quarry area at the end of the 1960s. In the vicinity of the port, in a geographically convenient place, it was decided to set up the Gargždai building materials complex, and in 1961 it was established. In the 9th century, according to the value of the production, the factory occupied the 2nd place in Lithuania after Akmenė cement plant, and about 1,500 employees worked in the construction materials combination (at that time about 6,000 people lived in Gargzdai).

# **Damaged areas – a problem**

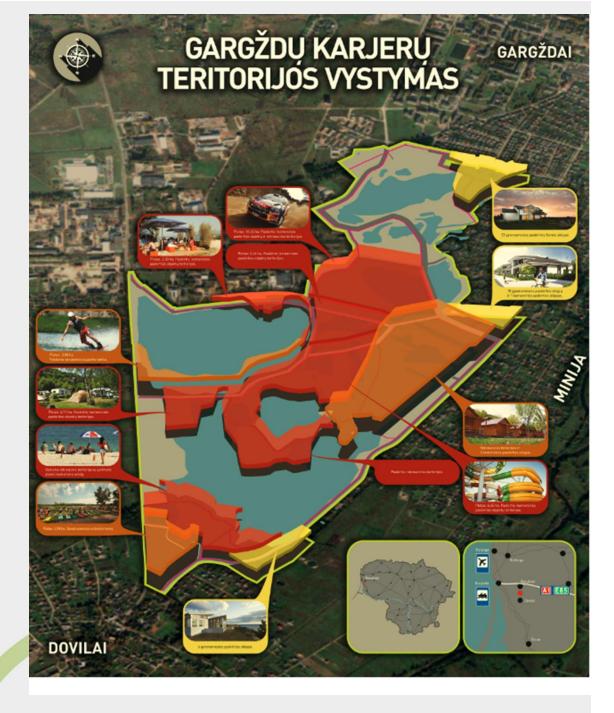
There are many industrial, private or local quarries in Lithuania that are no longer in use today. Importantly, non-cultivated quarries often turn into illegal landfills, usually becoming sources of air, soil, ground and groundwater pollution. However, there is no exact information on the size of the territory that is contaminated with quarries or peatlands in Lithuania, but some of these areas are being restored today, re-cultivated in accordance with the legislation.

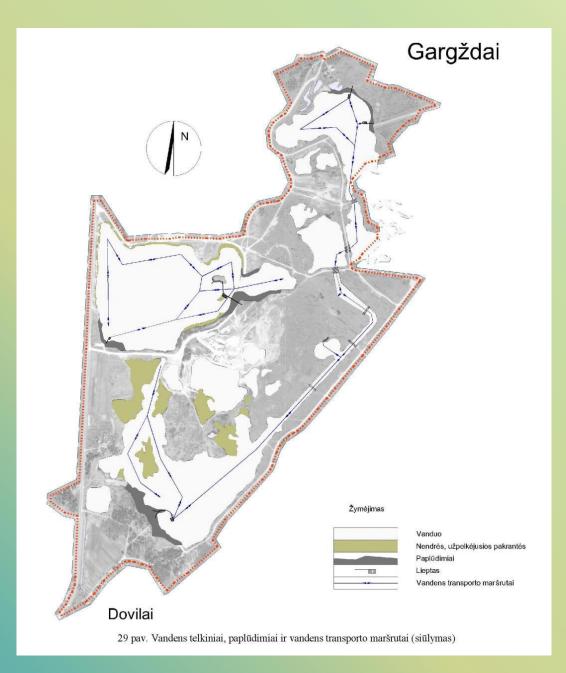
# **Development of Gargždai** Water Ponds territory

Recreational infrastructure in the territory:

- Wake park
- Cafe
- Dogs training site
- Cycling path
- Beaches
- Fishing places

Water trampoline park – still in plans.





What is done up today:

- The working group is formed
- The contract with audit company signed
- The third report of the project presented
- The working group took part in study visits in Latvia
- Technical task for the contest prepared and changed after recultivation possibilities of the area
- The 3 Public procurement tender published

## Aim of the project competition:

The project competition is carried out in order to identify the best project. The tender is organized as part of a procedure for the service contract. The winning company carries out the design work in the area specified in the technical specification work task, while maintaining a consistent architectural style according to the submitted draft of the tender.

### **Objectives of the project competition:**

To implement all the options of the Posibility Study designed in the planned area (265 ha):

- to make all the necessary investigations (topographical and ecogeological)
- to prepare project for beaches, marinas, relax zones, cognitive paths, bicycle roads, landscaping, lighting solutions
- elements of small architecture (benches, trash bins, bicycle stands, playing stations for children etc.).

